



Travel & Discover **Costa Rica**

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 .com

Costa Rica travel made easy: a
quick eBook for a safer, cheaper,
and stress free vacation

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About the Authors



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Hola! We are Yeison and Samantha, the couple behind [Mytanfeet Costa Rica Travel](#). We are a married couple living in Costa Rica full time. Yeison (pronounced like Jason) is Costa Rican, born and raised. Samantha moved to Costa Rica in 2012 from the United States.

We have been traveling together in Costa Rica since 2010 and love sharing our stories, tips and experiences on [Mytanfeet Costa Rica Travel](#) with our blog posts, guides, videos and photos.

We know it can be tricky to find updated detailed information about Costa Rica which is why we've put together this free quick introductory guide. We hope it is useful for your vacation planning!

Thank you so much for subscribing to our newsletter and for reading our website. We are glad you're here!

Pura vida!

Yeison and Samantha



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1 Facts about Costa Rica

What to know before you go

- Costa Rica is not an island. It is in Central America, bordered to the north by Nicaragua and to the south by Panama and has coastlines on both Caribbean Sea and Pacific Ocean.
- The capital city of Costa Rica is San José.
- 2 international airports: San Jose International Airport (SJO airport code) and Guanacaste Airport (LIR airport code).
- Costa Rica is its own country, having gained independence from Spain in 1821. The government is democratic republic.
- The official language of Costa Rica is Spanish.
- The current population is ~5.2 million.
- Roman Catholic is the main religion.
- Costa Rica is 51,100 sq km (19,653 sq miles) of land and 50,660 sq km (19,559 sq miles) of water.
- The currency is the Costa Rican colon.
- Time zone is UTC – 6. No daylight savings time. +506 country code.
- Costa Rica is 8-12 degrees above the equator.

- Costa Rica has 7 provinces (Guanacaste, Puntarenas, San Jose, Alajuela, Cartago, Heredia and Limon), 84 cantons and 488 districts.
- There are 30 national parks, 58 wildlife refuges, 8 biological reserves
- Costa Rica 4 UNESCO World Heritage Sites: Area de Conservacion Guanacaste, Cocos Island National Park, La Amistad National Park and the Stone Spheres of Diquis.

Here are some interesting facts about Costa Rica

- Costa Rica does not have an army. It was abolished on December 1, 1948 after a brief civil war. They invest the money into education, healthcare and conservation instead of a military.
- "Costa Rica" means rich coast in Spanish. Cristóbal Colón (Christopher Columbus) named it that when he saw the beauty of the country.
- Costa Ricans call themselves "Tico" for men and "Tica" for women.
- Over 25% of the country's land is protected, by national parks, reserves and refuges.
- Around 98-99% of the country's power comes from renewable sources (hydro, geothermal and wind).
- Costa Rica is home to ~5% of the world's biodiversity.
- Costa Rica has a national slogan: *Pura vida* which translates into "pure life." It's a saying for all things good as well as a way of life.
- The Nicoya Peninsula is considered a "Blue Zone." These are communities of people who experience remarkable longevity.





2 Weather

About tropical climate

Costa Rica's weather is tropical with two seasons: dry and rainy. However, the climate can vary widely by region and elevation.

As the country is 8-12 degrees above the equator, there aren't four distinct seasons in Costa Rica, rather, around 26 different microclimates.

Dry Season (December through April)

- Known as Costa Rica's summer.

Rainy season (May through November)

- Known as Costa Rica's winter. Also known as "green season."

General Descriptions by Area

- **North Pacific Coast (Guanacaste and Nicoya Peninsula)**
 - Follows the tropical season timeline.
 - Average day time temperatures are 85° F (29° C) and average night temperatures are high 70s° F (25° C).
 - Hottest month is March.
 - October is the rainiest.

- **Central Valley (San Jose/Greater Metropolitan Area)**

- Follows the tropical season timeline, with mostly spring-like weather.
- Average day time temperatures are mid 70s° F (24° C) and average night time temperatures are low 60s° F (16° C).
- October has heaviest rainfall.

- **Caribbean Coast**

- Doesn't strictly follow the two tropical seasons. Has less predictable weather and possibilities to rain at any time of the year.
- Driest months tend to be September and October.
- High humidity all year long. Average day time temperatures are low 80s° F (26° C) and average night time temperatures are low 70s° F (21° C).



- **Rainforests**

- Follows the tropical seasons but with less predictable weather.
- Driest month is usually March. October tends to have the most rainfall.
- Average day time temperatures are low 80s° F (28° C) and average night time temperatures are low 70s° F (21° C) with high humidity.

Cloud forests are higher in elevation with cooler temperatures.



3

Best Time to Visit

Monthly breakdown

January

Christmas crowds are gone and summer has started. Start of the high tourism season. Expect high prices and crowds. Hiking, surfing, whale watching, waterfalls, coffee tours and fishing are excellent.

February

Busiest month of the high tourism season. Crowded, expensive, but has the driest weather. Birding, hiking, snorkeling, scuba diving, night walks, waterfalls, & bioluminescence are top activities.

March

The second busiest time of year, as US, Canadian and European spring breakers arrive, and if Easter is in March. Hiking, waterfall tours, birding, horseback riding, snorkeling, scuba diving, surfing and bioluminescence are fantastic.

April

If Easter Week is in April, expect high prices, more crowds and limited availability. May rain at the end of the month in the mountains. Top activities are birdwatching, hiking, surfing, and scuba diving.

May

Start of the rainy season and low tourism season. Prices go down and crowds thin out everywhere. Great time to surf, enjoy the jungle, relax, hike, and enjoy hot springs.

June

Enjoy without the crowds and with cheaper prices. Prepare for intermittent rains, and dry mornings. Excellent time to soak in hot springs, surf in big swells, catch big fish, raft down fuller rivers and peruse the museums.

July

Experiences a “little summer” where the rain tapers off for a couple of weeks. Also a mini “high season” with many families on summer vacation. Fantastic time to surf, fish, white water raft, hike and see marine wildlife.

August

Right in the middle of the rainy season, but an excellent time to see humpback whales and sea turtles. Enjoy dry mornings and consistent afternoon and evening rains. Budget friendly.

September

The Caribbean coast starts enjoying summer while the rest of the country experiences the rainiest month. Amazing time to see sea turtles and humpback whales. Prepare for hard consistent rains in the afternoon and nights. Cheap, way less people, lush.

October

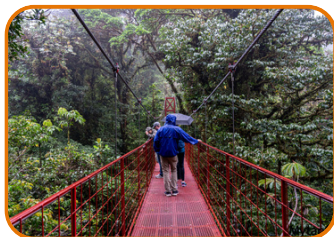
The rainiest month for the country except for the Caribbean coast. Schedule activities in the morning for the best chances of dry skies. Expect downpours and thunderstorms in the evenings. Cheapest & emptiest time of year.

November

Transition month from rainy to dry season for the North Pacific coast, other areas will still have consistent rain. Perfect time to visit to avoid holiday crowds, the lingering cheap prices and marine wildlife.

December

First 2 weeks usually still not that busy or expensive, by Christmas week, it is full and \$\$\$\$\$. Dry season will just begin, but it is very windy. Book any “must sees/dos” well in advance if visiting over the winter holidays and pack your patience!





4 Best Places for 1st Time Visitors

Recommended tourist destinations

La Fortuna

Main tourist town near Arenal Volcano and Lake Arenal, famous for hot springs, adventure, hiking, wildlife and culture with many luxury rainforest resorts. 3 hour drive from SJO and LIR Airport.

Papagayo Peninsula

30 min from LIR Airport, home to beautiful white sand beaches, excellent fishing, great snorkeling, scuba diving and surfing spots and luxury international hotel brands and several all-inclusive resorts. Experiences less rainfall.

Tamarindo

The most well known surfing beach town in Northern Guanacaste, popular among expats and immigrants. 1.5 hrs from LIR Airport. Party town but still family friendly. Expensive. Beautiful beach with epic sunsets.

Jaco

Costa Rica's most developed beach town, 1.5 hrs from SJO Airport. Famous for epic surfing waves, a lively nightlife and a plethora of things to do. Popular among locals.

Monteverde

Home to the most popular tropical cloud forest in the country & is one of the best places to see the Resplendant Quetzal in the world. Excellent hiking, has crisp mountain weather, fantastic birdwatching and cute lodges.

Puerto Viejo de Talamanca

Main tourism hub of the South Caribbean. Party town with friendly locals, beautiful beaches delicious food, lots of wildlife and a buzzing night life. Best place to experience Costa Rica's Afro-Caribbean culture.

Manuel Antonio/Quepos

Home to a famous fishing marina and one of the world's most beautiful national parks. Lots of luxury boutique resorts and rainforest hotels. Expensive and crowded, being one of the smallest destinations with the most visitors.

Drake Bay

The main town on the Osa Peninsula's west coast, near Corcovado National Park. Rural, yet growing quickly, with tourism becoming the main economic backbone. Tons of wildlife, pristine rainforest and outdoor adventures.

San José

The capital city is small, so 1 or 2 days is plenty. Enjoy the cultural museums, heritage sites, good food, and local markets. Excellent people watching and cultural immersion opportunities as nearly 2 million people live and work in the Greater Metropolitan Area.

Samara

A family friendly, laid back beach town in the South Guanacaste area. Big expat/immigrant community with a strong focus on wellness, yoga and healthy eating. Has beautiful beaches, great fishing, and less of a party scene.

Tortuguero

The "Little Amazon" of Costa Rica is home to a beach that is one of the most important Green Turtle nesting sites in the world. The North Caribbean has pristine rainforest and excellent wildlife watching.

Costa Ballena

Consists of 3 towns in the South Pacific: Dominical, a small hippie surf town, Uvita, a growing whale watching and fishing town and Ojochal, a popular expat town for Europeans. Has lush rainforests and mountains, excellent wildlife watching and laid back locals.





5 Getting Around

Driving, public buses,
shuttles, road conditions

How you get around Costa Rica may be one of the most difficult things to decide, as you need to consider your budget, destinations and time. Most expensive = save time.

The main ways to get around Costa Rica is by car, public bus and shuttle.

Car Rental: Expensive but Most Flexibility

- Costa Rica drives on the same side of the road as USA and Canada.
- Tourists can drive legally in Costa Rica for as long as their tourist stamps is valid for. If you receive a 90 day tourist stamp, you may drive for those 90 days.

Requirements to drive as a foreigner:

Valid original passport and valid original driver's license.

Must have both documents with you at all times when you are driving as the police can pull you over and ask for them at any time.

Requirements to rent a car:

Valid original passport, valid tourist stamp, valid original driver's license, minimum age (depends on rental car company, normally 21-23) and credit card with sufficient funds for payment and deposit.

Why Rent a Car?

More flexibility to explore beyond tourist destinations and go at your own pace.

Downsides are that renting a car is expensive, parking can be a pain and drive times are long.

Renting at SJO and LIR Airports:

The best way to rent a car in Costa Rica is to book a car beforehand, especially in the high tourism season and peak tourism season. Compare prices online, research reputable companies, and understand the price breakdown to avoid feeling ripped off or scammed.

The car rental agencies don't have fully operating offices inside the small international airports, so they will shuttle their guests to the off-site office to collect the car and complete paperwork.

4x4 Required?

If you plan to go to rural areas, explore and off the beaten path, then yes. Usually in the dry season, a high clearance 4x2 SUV is sufficient. Check with your hotels and places you want to visit what kind of car is required.



Public Bus

There are public buses to nearly all touristic destinations from San Jose.

Pros: Cheapest way to travel, with cross country routes costing around 8-9,000 CRC.

Cons: Few bus routes and long travel times, especially on a *collectivo* (it'll stop in many neighborhoods).

Public buses are privately owned by various different companies. Use resources like Moovit, Rome2Rio and Costa Rica by Bus FB group. Some bus companies allow you to purchase bus tickets online beforehand. If not, show up 1 hour before to buy tickets.

Many tourist destinations don't have direct routes from one another & require anywhere from 1-4 connections.

Shuttles

Private and shared options.

Private: Door to door service, including pick up directly at the airports, vacation rentals and houses. Clients choose the time of pick up. Includes a stop along the way, up to 1 hour. Premium services have an English speaking driver. Vehicle only for your group.

Shared: Set schedules with pick up only from hotels on their route. No vacation rentals or houses. Vehicles can hold up to 10 people, clients are limited to how much luggage they can bring. Includes only one pre-scheduled 15 minute stop along the way, clients cannot request additional stops. Do not have direct long cross country routes.

Flying

There are two domestic airlines that fly to various destinations in Costa Rica: **Green Airways** and **Sansa Air**.

Flights are fast, cutting a 5 hour drive to a 40 minute flight, but they are expensive, around \$150 USD one way in the high tourism season and they limit amount of luggage.

Then from the local airport, you can grab a taxi, book a shuttle or pick up your rental car. Many people will do a mix of domestic flights + rental car or private transportation to get around.

Sansa Air has the most routes in Costa Rica flying to Cobano, Drake Bay, Golfito, La Fortuna, Liberia, Nosara, Puerto Jimenez, Puerto Limon, Quepos, SJO, Tamarindo, Tortuguero and even flying to Bocas del Toro in Panama and Managua in Nicaragua.

Green Airways only flies to Quepos, Cobano, Puerto Jimenez and Nosara.



Interconnections

Book a tour interconnection or tour en route.

A popular one is the Pacuare White Water Rafting tour. Companies pick up clients from San Jose, La Fortuna or Puerto Viejo de Talamanca and can drop them off at any of those three destinations after the tour.

A tour en route is a private transfer with a stop along the way. A popular one is pick up in San Jose, stop at La Paz Waterfall Gardens and then drop off in La Fortuna.

Ride Shares

Uber exists in Costa Rica and in nearly every tourist destination. Though technically illegal, it operates normally, particularly in San Jose.

In more rural areas, do not depend solely on Uber as there may not be many or they only work during the day.

Didi exists only in San Jose and GAM.

Lyft, Bolt, inDrive, or any other type of ride share app does not exist in Costa Rica.





6 Safety Tips

Practical tips, tourist scams,
emergencies

Before You Leave Home

- Leave contact information and travel plans to a family member or someone you trust.
- Print or save on your phone the confirmations for flights, hotel and other bookings.
- Leave expensive jewelry at home.
- If you are taking medications, make sure to bring a list of them and also a copy of your prescription if you are taking narcotics.
- If you are not going to use all your credit cards, leave

the ones you don't need.

- If you are not going to use all your credit cards, leave the ones you don't need. Let your credit card company know so they don't block your card.
- Take note of your embassy's location and contact information.
- If you have any severe allergies to food or medicine, write them down and try to write down the Spanish translation, and carry it with you at all times.

During Your Trip

- Don't wander alone late at night or very early mornings.
- Have a full color copy of your passport with you at all time.
- Take a picture of your immigration stamp with your phone.
- Keep your valuables close to you at all times.
- Make ATM withdrawals during the day in a well-lit, public area. Avoid help from strangers.
- Before you go in the ocean, check the conditions and do not go in the water if there are red flags.
- Always have some cash with you in local currency.
- When driving, don't pick up strangers on the road.
- If you get flagged down, make sure it is a real cop. They will have a badge and "Transito" on their uniform

if they are transit police.

There are also tourist police that say "Policia Turistica"

- When you park, don't leave valuables visible in the car. Always roll up your windows and triple check that your doors are locked.
- Don't leave belongings unattended in public areas. Never leave your purse, backpack, cell phone or wallet on the floor. Always put it in a place that you can see clearly.



Emergencies

- The emergency number is 911 and they have English speaking staff.
- If your passport or valuables get stolen, report it immediately to your embassy or consulate. Please also report it to the closest Judicial Investigation Police office (OIJ). We also recommend filing a complaint on the Visit Costa Rican tourism board website.

Tourist Scams

- Broken taxi meter: The driver may claim the meter is broken and charge a ridiculous amount. Get out, take a photo of their taxi license and report them to the police. By law, all taxi drivers have to turn on the meter (called Maria).

- Cheap tours: If someone from the street is offering super cheap tours, don't trust them right away. Most of the times, those vendors are not certified or insured operators and aren't selling official tours. To be a responsible tourist, only book tours with certified, registered and licensed operators and guides.

- Uber drivers may try to tell you they got kicked out of the app or lost connection and want you to pay cash, without you being able to know how much it is. Deny this and report them to Uber.
- Wrong currency exchange. Double check what currency they are charging you in and what exchange rate they use. Some places may use a very terrible exchange rate.

7

Entry Requirements

Passports, visas, length of stay

Please check with your passport country's embassy for the requirements to enter Costa Rica!

Costa Rica requires every visitor to have a valid, original passport in excellent condition in order to enter the country. No rips, tears, stains, noticeable folds, rips, etc. You must have at least one blank page for stamps.

Immigration Requirements:

1. Proof of onward travel:

Flight out of Costa Rica, bus ticket out of the country or cruise departure.

2. Your first destination.

Let the officer know your first destination and name of hotel.

3. Number of days in

Costa Rica. They will ask how long your trip is.

4. Proof of funds - \$100 USD per month or fraction of a month of your legal stay in the country. Even though this is required, I don't know anyone who has been asked for proof.

5. Employment. What you do for a living.

Tourist Visas

Costa Rica separates countries into different groups, with each group having their own specific set of requirements to enter the country.

Yellow fever vaccination certificate is required if entering from certain countries where the disease is endemic.

Group 1: Germany, Andorra

Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Chile, Cyprus, Denmark, United Arab Emirates, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, State of Qatar, United States, Estonia, Finland, France, Hungary, Ireland, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Mexico, Montenegro, Norway, New Zealand, Netherlands, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Principality of Monaco, Puerto Rico, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Czech Republic, South Korea, Greece, Romania, San Marino, Holy See (Vatican), Serbia, Singapore, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Trinidad and Tobago, Ukraine and Uruguay.

Group 1 countries receive a tourist visa stamp upon arrival for a maximum length of 180 days, not extendable. Passports required to have at least 1 day validity from exit date.

Group 2: Antigua and Barbuda, Belize, Bolivia, Dominica, El Salvador, State of Brunei, Russian Federation, Philippines, Fiji, Grenada, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Northern Mariana Islands, Marshall Islands, Solomon Islands

Kiribati, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritius, Micronesia, Nauru, Palaos, Kingdom of Tonga, Samoa, St. Kitts and Nevis, St Vincent and the Grenadines, St Lucia, St Tome and Principe, Seychelles, Suriname, Taiwan, Turkey, Tuvalu and Vanuatu.

Group 2 countries receive a tourist visa stamp upon arrival with a maximum of 30 days. Passports must have at least 90 days validity from exit date.

Group 3 countries are required a consular tourist visa before travel.

Group 4 countries are required a restricted visa, which can be authorized solely by the Restricted Visa and Refugee Commission in Costa Rica.





8 Money and Local Currency

Cash, Costa Rican colones, credit/
debit cards, exchanging money

The Costa Rica currency is the colon (colones plural), named after Cristóbal Colón. The Costa Rican currency symbol is a c with two lines across: ₡

Exchange Rate

The Costa Rican exchange rate fluctuates daily, sometimes even hourly. This is due to the supply and demand for colones each day.

The exchange rate is not the same in every bank or financial institution since the colón is not bound to the Central Bank of Costa Rica devaluations. Since 2006, exchange rates posted by the Central Bank are used as a reference.

The approximate exchange rate is 500 to 1 USD.

Coins: 5, 10, 25, 50, 100, and 500 coins. 5, 10 and 25 are not commonly used however 50, 100 and 500 coins still are.

Banknotes: In denominations of 1000, 2000, 5000, 10,000 and 20,000.

20,000 CRC



10,000 CRC



5,000 CRC



2,000 CRC



1,000 CRC



Is USD accepted? Yes, readily, in tourist destinations. Tourism services like tours, hotels and rental cars are quoted in USD.

When to Pay in USD or CRC?

Pay in USD when things are quoted in USD. Many tourism services like tours, shuttles, rental cars and hotels. Usually the more expensive products.

Pay in colones for smaller priced items quoted in colones. These are supermarkets, souvenir stores, restaurants, general stores, farmers markets, street vendors, taxis, buses and toll booths.

Use colones anywhere outside the touristic town center.

Other currencies like CAD, Euros and Pounds are not accepted.

You do not have to exchange money before you arrive. You can exchange money at the bank. In touristic places, if you go to a supermarket, you can pay in USD cash and they give you your change back in CRC.

Cash or card?

- It is not necessary to pay everything in cash. Credit cards are readily accepted in Costa Rica, except for very rural areas.
- Visa and Mastercard are most widely accepted, sometimes American Express. Discover is almost never accepted.
- Some establishments may be cash only, like hotels and restaurants, to avoid paying the credit card fee.
- When you can, pay with credit card and in colones, as your bank will use the best exchange rate and automatically exchange it for you.
- If you bring USD, do not bring big denominations as most places do not accept \$50 USD and \$100 USD bills.

Money Tips

- Use your iPhone Calculator, XE Currency Converter or Google "tipo de cambio hoy Costa Rica" for the current exchange rate.
- ATMs are widely available and you can take out USD and CRC.
- Airport exchange desks have the worst exchange rate. Do NOT exchange money there unless you are absolutely have to.
- Carry cash in small denominations, for both USD and CRC.

An easy way to get an estimated idea of how much something costs in USD is to use the following method.

20,000 CRC = \$40 USD

10,000 CRC = \$20 USD

5,000 CRC = \$10 USD

2,000 CRC = \$4 USD

1,000 CRC = \$2 USD

Remember, this is just an estimate as the exchange rate fluctuates daily and it is not an exact amount.



9

What to Pack

Essential items you must bring

Original Passport	Original, valid passport that will not expire while in Costa Rica.
Original valid driver's license if renting a car or driving	No photocopies, no temporary copies, no paper copies. Cannot be expired or will expire while in Costa Rica.
Physical no foreign transaction fee credit card	Digital cards aren't widely accepted. Not accepted for car rentals.
Travel insurance	To cover any emergencies, flight delays, etc.
Proof of onward travel	Flight home or to another country or cruise departure.
Reservations	Hotels, tours, car rentals, shuttles, flights. Can be printed or saved on your phone
Medications	If you are taking opioids or amphetamines, bring the original prescription and bottles

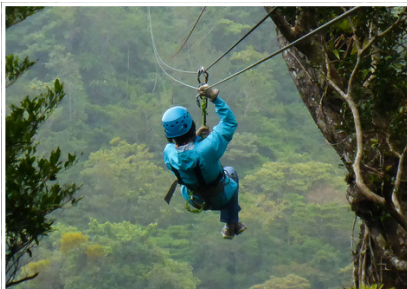
Clothing Casual outdoor/exercise clothes. Warm sweater for high elevation areas and mountains. Swimwear.	Clothes that dry fast and wick away moisture are best, due to the high humidity.
Shoes Water shoes or closed toed hiking sandals. Comfortable walking shoes. Sandals.	Check your activities to see what shoes are suitable. Some parks will require completely closed shoes.
Mosquito Repellent Mosquitoes are present all year round. Protect yourself, though the best way is by covering up.	Bring your own as mosquito repellent is expensive. Limited DEET alternative options.
Sunscreen Only 8-12 degrees from the equator so the sun is strong.	Use reef safe if going in the ocean. Bring sunscreen, it's \$\$\$
Backpack A waterproof day bag or rain cover	If visiting during the rainy season or doing any water activities, bring dry bags
Toiletries and Medications Basic toiletries are available at all supermarkets, but can be expensive.	Mini first aid kit w/motion sickness pills, allergy medicine and other meds you need.
Rain Jacket If you are visiting during the rainy season, the Caribbean coast or the rainforests, bring a rain jacket.	Get one that has armpit air vents, is a lightweight shell and preferably can fold into itself.

Extras: Insulated water bottle, microfiber towel, earplugs, battery pack, binoculars, carbon monoxide detector, hair detangler spray, sunglasses, hat, visor, waterproof phone case, and extra long charging cables.

What NOT to Pack: expensive jewelry, heels/stilettos, every credit card you own, expensive purses, designer clothes, sentimental belongings, heavy winter coats, jeans, rain boots.



Recommended adventures and activities



Ziplining: Best places are Monteverde, La Fortuna and Guanacaste. Fly over the rainforest, through the cloud forest or with an ocean view!



Rafting: Paddle through pristine rivers surrounded by lush rainforest. Costa Rica has some of the best white water rafting, like the Pacuare River.

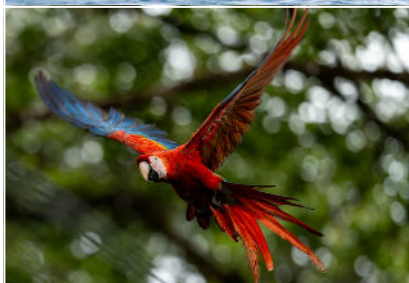


Hot Springs: Popular in La Fortuna, hot springs go hand in hand with Costa Rica's growing wellness scene.



Humpback Whale Watching:

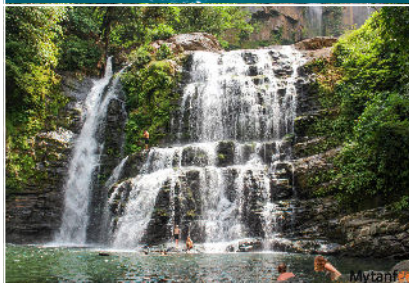
Season is December to mid-March and July through September.



Birding: Home to over 800 species. One of the best places to see the Resplendant Quetzal in the world!



Surfing: There are surfing beaches and surf breaks for every level of surfer. Surf camps and classes widely available.



Waterfall Hikes: Trek through the rainforests to see beautiful waterfalls, and even sky blue colored rivers and waterfalls.



Coffee Tour: Costa Rica produces some of the world's finest coffee. Tour a coffee plantation to learn all about the "golden beans"



Resources and Discounts

Mytanfeet deals and discounts

Discounts

Mytanfeet offers travel discounts.

Car Rental

We offer a **Costa Rica car rental discount** for

Mytanfeet readers. Get a minimum of 10% off the car rental rate, two free additional drivers, free prepaid SIM card, free cooler, free surf racks, free baby & booster seats, and other freebies.

Please email us at web@mytanfeet.com to request a quote or reservations.

Tours

We offer discounts on tours in [La Fortuna](#), [Guanacaste](#), [San Jose](#), [Manuel Antonio/Quepos](#) and [Tortuguero](#).

We also offer discounts for these parks and activities:

1. [Pacuare White Water Rafting III & IV](#)
2. [La Paz Waterfall Gardens](#)
3. [Diamante Eco Adventure Park](#)
4. [Rincon Thermals & Adventures](#)
5. [Tortuga Island Cruise](#)
6. [The Springs Resort Hot Springs Day Pass](#)
7. [Hacienda El Viejo Wetlands](#)
8. [La Fortuna Canyoning](#)
9. [Rainforest Falls La Fortuna](#)
10. [Vista Los Sueños](#)

Interbus Shared Shuttle

We offer a 10% discount with Interbus. Get our

Interbus shared shuttle discount in the link.

Hotels

Maquenque Eco Lodge in

Boca Tapada: Save 5% using our promo code *mytanfeet*

Hotel Poco a Poco,

Monteverde Country

Lodge and Sibú Lodge:

Save 5% using our promo code *mytanfeet*.

Adventure Inn (by SJO

Airport): Save 10% with our promo code *mytanfeet*

La Fortuna Lodge: Save

5% with *mytanfeet* promo code

Copa de Arbol: Save 5%

with our promo code *mytanfeet*

Email us at

web@mytanfeet.com for any questions about tours.

A man and a woman are sitting on a large, mossy rock in the foreground. The man is on the left, wearing a black t-shirt, black shorts, a black cap, and sunglasses. The woman is on the right, wearing a purple tank top and purple shorts. They are both smiling at the camera. In the background, there is a clear, turquoise river flowing through a rocky landscape with some greenery.

A Note from the Authors

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Thank you again for reading Mytanfeet!

Yeison and Samantha
Mytanfeet Costa Rica Travel